

No. 7675 號五十七百六千七第 日七初月六年壬緒光 [] HONGKONG, FRIDAY, JULY 21st, 1882. 五拜禮 號一十二月七英港香 [PRICE \$24 PER MONTH.]

THE NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY
ASTOR LENOX TILDEN FOUNDATIONS
455 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 17, N. Y.

INTIMATIONS.

FOR SHANGHAI.
THE Steamship
"HONGKONG,"
Captain J. B. Fraser will be despatched for the
open Port, TO-DAY, the 21st instant, at
10 P.M.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
J. RUSSELL & Co. (1374)
Longkong, 20th July, 1882.

FOR MANILA DIRECT.
THE Steamship
"DIAMANTE,"
Captain Cullen, will be despatched for the above
Port, TO-DAY, the 21st instant, at Five
P.M.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
J. RUSSELL & Co. (1375)
Longkong, 20th July, 1882.

FOR AMOY AND TAMSUI.
THE Steamship
"FORBIN,"
Captain Abbott, will be despatched for the above
Ports, TOMORROW, the 22nd instant, at
Five P.M.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
DOUGLAS LAFFRAIK & Co. (1376)
Longkong, 20th July, 1882.

FOR SWATOW.
THE Steamship
"CHINA,"
Captain H. Schoor, will be despatched for the
ve port, on SUNDAY, the 23rd instant, at
HT A.M.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
YUEN FAT HONG,
Agents.

Hongkong, 21st July, 1882. [1377

STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG,
COLOMBO, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON, SUEZ,
PORT SAID, AND TRIESTE
bearing Cargo at through rates to CALCUTTA,
PERSIAN GULF PORTS, OMBESA, AND THE
MEDITERRANEAN PORTS.
The Company's Steamship

"DAPHNE."

Captain G. Venech, will be despatched as above
on or about FURTHER PARTICULARS, apply to
MELCHERS & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 21st July, 1882. [1380

WANTED—An ENGLISH ASSISTANT for one of the Treaty Ports. A young gentleman with some knowledge of General Examination Business preferred.
Apply, by letter stating previous occupations, references to G. M. care of the Office of Paper.
Hongkong, 21st July, 1882. (1379)

TO LET.
APARTMENTS on the FIRST FLOOR of a "MAHINE HOUSE," West side, in No. 83, Pottinger Street.
Apply to
E. B. BELLIOS.
Hongkong, 21st July, 1882. (1381)

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG.

SUMMARY JURISDICTION.
FOREIGN ATTACHMENT.
SUIT No. 849.
PLAINTIFF—CHEONG FONG PO.
DEFENDANT—LI SUI NAM.
NOTICE is hereby given that a Writ of Foreign Attachment returnable on the 24th day of August, 1885, against all the property moveable or immovable of the above-named Defendant within the Colony, has been issued in this Court pursuant to the Provisions of Section XLXXI. of "The Hongkong Code of Civil Procedure."
Dated the 18th July, 1885.
BERETON & WOTTON,
Solicitors for the Plaintiff,
29, Queen's Road,
HONGKONG.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY,
LIMITED.
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.
THE ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY
MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS
will be held at the HONGKONG HOTEL on
FRIDAY, 26th instant, at Four o'clock
of the afternoon, for the purpose of receiving an
account of the Affairs of the Company, together with a State-
ment of Accounts and declaring a Dividend.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
LOUIS HAUSCHILD,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 6th July, 1893. [1895

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY,
LIMITED.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 14th to the 23rd instant, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
LOUIS HAUSCHILD,
Secretary,
Hongkong, 8th July, 1882. 1400

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO
STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE THIRTY-SECOND ORDINARY
HALF-YEARLY MEETING OF
SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be
held at the Office of the Company No. 52,
Raffles Road, on MONDAY, the 23rd of
August, at THREE O'CLOCK in the afternoon,
the purpose of receiving a Report of the

Directors together with a statement of Accounts,
 and a balance sheet, and showing Directors
 and Auditors.
 By Order of the Board of Directors,
 P. A. DA COSTA,
 Secretary.

Hongkong, 12th July, 1892.

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO
 STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.
 THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Com-
 pany will be CLOSED from the 15th to
 31st instant, both days inclusive.
 By Order of the Board of Directors,
 P. A. DA COSTA,
 Secretary.

Hongkong, 12th July, 1892.

CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.
THE SIXTEENTH ORDINARY MEET-
ING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the
Company will be held at the HEAD
OFFICE, Victoria, Hongkong, on MONDAY,
31st Instant, at 6.30 O'CLOCK P.M., for the
purpose of presenting the Report of the Direc-
tors and Statement of Accounts to 30th April
and of declaring dividends.
THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company
will be closed from the 15th to 31st instant,
both days inclusive.
By Order, W. F. RAY,
Secretary.

NOTICE.

A. S. WATSON AND CO.
FAMILY AND DISPENSARY
CHEMISTS.
By Appointment to His Excellency the GOVERNOR and His Royal Highness the DUKE OF EDINBURGH.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS.
PENANG, SINGAPORE.
PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS.
DRUGGISTS, SUNDRIES, AND
ABRATED WATER MAKERS.
SHIPS' MEDICINE CHESTS REBUILT.
PASSENGER SHIP SUPPLIES.

NOTICE.—To avoid delay in the execution of Orders it is particularly requested that all business communications be addressed to the Firm, A. S. Watson and Co., or
HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Communications to Editors and managers should be addressed to "The Editor," and those to business "The Manager," and not to individuals by name.
Correspondents are requested to forward their names and address with communications addressed to the Editor, not for publication, but as evidence of good faith.
All letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.
Advertisements and subscriptions, which are not entered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

DEATH.

At Saigon, on Friday, the 14th instant, of neural disease of the heart, DAVAR WARRAN, late of Penang, who arrived in the 94th year of his age. Universally regretted.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, JULY 21st, 1922.

In China as in most countries where the struggle to live is very keen, there is naturally a great deal of callousness in suffering, especially among the lower classes. Selfishness is inherent in the human breast, and when it becomes a question of the survival of the one or the other, the weaker invariably goes to the wall. It is not out of charity or hardness of heart that in China female infants are either battered or deprived of existence. What is often so cruelly felt that the wretched parents, who live from hand to mouth, know not how to provide for another, and fail to see the unnatural and revolting wickedness of infanticide. The mass of the people in the Central Kingdom depend so entirely on the present that any local failure of crops, or disastrous flood brings ruin, despair, and starvation upon thousands. The poor Chinese always have with them; the destitute, we may say, are also not absent; and the sight of so much distress tends to create a feeling of insensibility to the woes of those around them. Still it cannot be said that the Chinese are devoid of charitable feeling. Many Chinese residents in Hongkong, Singapore, and other places have justly earned a name for great benevolence. In Chinese cities, too, there usually exist similar institutions to those established in European towns for the relief of the sick and the indigent. Too often, it is true, owing to the pecuniary difficulties of the officials, the good intention of the founders of these charities is frustrated, the bulk of the income finding its way into the pockets of those who are supposed to administer it. We note among the abstracts from the *Peking Gazette* in the *N. C. Daily News* a memorial to the Throne by Li HONG-CHANG which announces that a very deserving charity called the Kwang-jen Tang has been founded at Tientsin. This institution had its origin towards the end of the famine in 1878 in the exertions of a former Lieut.-Governor of Shensi and others, who contributed \$10,000 from their private purses and set up a temporary relief agency outside the east gate of Tientsin. A general call was made for subscriptions; which was generally responded to by the gentry, and the committee soon found themselves in a position to erect a building containing 280 rooms (chian) on a carefully selected site outside the west gate. The memorialist gives the following description of the institution:—"It is divided into six wards. The first is devoted to the reception of 'children of the male sex. These are, immediately on admission, washed, directed of their race, and medically attended to. They are then passed on to one of the other wards. No. 2 ward is a school where competent teachers are engaged to instruct 'such of the children as give evidence of an aptitude for study. Those who do not exhibit signs of such intelligence are relegated to ward No. 3, where they are employed in agricultural labour on the land adjoining the institution. Those whom 'a weak physique renders unfit for 'this labour, and who have no taste 'for study, are taught various handicrafts in ward No. 4. No. 5 ward is reserved for the relief of destitute female children, for whom husbands are subsequently provided, and young widows who do not intend to contract a second marriage. The sixth ward is devoted to the reception and cure of convalescent patients, who are attended by able physicians and attended with carefully selected drugs and prescriptions, that their patients may be enabled to make a fresh start in life, and that the state protracted of this view 'may not have been unavailing in vain.' Li HONG-CHANG adds that since the opening ward was opened no less than two thousand patients have been discharged cured of all craving for the drug. He then states that while the institution is doing immense good, it is suffering from want of funds, and he accordingly makes the modest appeal that His Majesty the Emperor will award a yearly grant of 100,000 taels of silver. The request is granted by receipt, it being a not uncommon thing for the Imperial Government to render such assistance to hospitals and almshouses worthy of it. The foundation of such a charity is highly creditable to the people of Tientsin and shows that they are alive to the distress and misery of the poor in their midst.

The delivery of the English mail was begun at 9.30 a.m. to-day.

Here Bandmann and Miss Bandmann are passengers by the mail steamer leaving this morning.

Telegrams for Bangkok can go forward by mail closing at Singapore at 7 a.m. to-morrow, the 22nd instant.

We learn that the two next direct steamers, the *St. Helena* and the *St. Helena*, will leave for this port on the morning of the 18th instant.

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According to the *Concrete* the Lopez Company is going to establish a regular line of steamers between Spain and the Philippines, commencing early next year.

We are informed by the Agents (Messrs. Melchers & Co.) that the *St. Helena* will leave for this port on the morning of the 18th instant.

In connection with the Japanese Embassy to Russia, the members of which passed through Hongkong by French mail steamer, the *St. Helena* will leave for this port on the morning of the 18th instant.

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Leung Chung-tung and four other Chinese were brought up and charged at the Police Court yesterday, the first three with attempting to forge 25 bank notes, and the remaining two with being concerned in the same, on the 19th instant.

Mr. Holmes appeared for the prosecution, Mr. Massey appeared for the defence, and the case was adjourned to the 19th instant.

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liberty to plead the truth of the statements made, if such statements were made for the public benefit. It was also open to a defendant to plead that it was not a libel upon the plaintiff, or that it was a true statement.

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EXTRACTS.

TO THE DEAD.

One art thou gone, and in the light of day
Still shining, in my heart not touched with grey?
— But evening dawneth high, I pass the door
And see thee walking on the dial-shore.

One art thou gone, and weary on the brink
Of Lethal waters? O do not drink!
Drink not, forget not, wait a little while!
I shall be with thee, we again may smile.

W. B. SCOTT.

A LITTLE MISTAKE.

The anomalies of social life are very refreshing. A popular M.C. in the district of the guests elected to drive to their host's house together. The carriage duly deposited them at their destination, and the eldest gentleman, on alighting, said to his two companions (who were members of Parliament), "I'll pioneer you; I know the way upstairs." But here the butler intervened, and said, "You must speak to the gentleman." Down accordingly went the trio, and were ushered into a small room where sat a lady and gentleman, divided by a table, on which was a dish of oranges. Conversation flowed pleasantly, all sorts of topics being discussed, till at last the host said, "I am sorry my son is indisposed, or the lady like to have a distinguished official of the House, 'I think I have made a mistake.' " So say all of us, "was the mixed rejoinder, and the banquet was next door. Meanwhile the noble lord who entertained the three guests, unaware of the story, with undivided attention.

THE CITADEL OF CAIRO.

The Citadel of Cairo—El-Khalidi, the Calixares call it—was erected by Sultan Saladin in 1186. The steepness of its situation, the strength of its walls (formed, as tradition says, out of the block of stone brought from the smaller pyramids of Gizeh), and the Krupp guns with which they are now armed would render it an important position from which to attack the city, provided the Mameluke hill, immediately behind it, were occupied by the same hands. This range completely commands the citadel; and it was by erecting and arming a battery here that Mohammed Ali obtained his surrender when it was in the possession of Khorsheed Pasha. Arabi has the luck to be in possession of both these points of vantage. Almost his first thought, when complications arose, was to strengthen the Mameluke fortifications; and should he ever retreat into the citadel, after an ineffectual appeal to arms, he might give the Khedive and the Powers considerable trouble and annoyance. Here occurred the memorable massacre of the Mameluke Boys, 470 in number, 1881. They were caught in a trap by Mohammed Ali, and all shot down with the single exception of Emir Bey, who miraculously escaped by leaping over the parapet of the fortress into the ditch below. In the case of the citadel in the mosque of Mohammed Ali, which, with its graceful minarets standing out against the white of the limestone hills, is such a picture of the city, every view of Cairo. In the interior of the building is the tomb of the famous Pasha; the exterior is tamed with alabaster; and from a terrace on the south side is obtained a magnificent view over Cairo and its environs, embracing the Delta, the Nile Valley, and the stately pyramids of Gizeh and Sakkarah. At the foot of the citadel is the mosque, an open square of the city, from which a carriage road leads up to the principal entrance gate. Here the Khedive is accustomed to receive in state the "sacred carpet" and the Cairo *hadjis* on their return from Mecca—Globe.

NEW MODIFICATION IN LAWN TENNIS RULES.

The London correspondent of the *Friend of India* says:—One likes to keep away from the stormy and menacing regions of politics as long as possible, and as I am writing on the subject of tennis, I may as well take this opportunity to mention a modification which has been just effected in the rules of lawn tennis, slight as seeming, but which will have a very great effect upon the play in the forthcoming tournaments. Hitherto, the rule has been that a lawn tennis net shall be three feet high in the centre, and four feet at the poles. It is intended to take this rule to the contrary and only three feet six inches at the poles. This alteration will greatly lessen the killing effects of "volleying from the service line." The difficulty of placing a return either to the right or left of an accomplished volleyer, so that it should be out of his reach, arose mainly from the abrupt descent of the net from the service to the poles. This operated to the disadvantage of a player from the base line in two ways. It required a different elevation of the wrist when attempting to play down the side lines to that which was necessary in playing down the centre, and in the hurry and stress of a sharp rally, this additional elevation was frequently forgotten, and the certain result of the ball being sent into the net instead of over it. But a still greater disadvantage was that the elevation given to the ball, in order to get it over the higher net, compelled a proportionate lessening of the speed with which it had to travel, and this of course gave the volleyer greater time to reach and return the ball. Having had time to reach and return the ball, I found from experience that with the old net there was only one way to defeat the machinations of a volleyer from the service line. This was to "lob" the balls back to his left hand, thus driving him gradually to the extreme left side of the court. A "lobbed" ball must be volleyed back as gently and slowly as it is sent in, otherwise it goes out of court, and so this gradual working to a flank was not a thing impossible of execution. As soon then as the volleyer had been edged away to the left side of the court, came the opportunity of the player from the base line to make a "lobbed" ball back to the volleyer. His next return had to be made hard and fast into the extreme right corner of the court. But with the lowering of the net at the sides of the court, this complicated manoeuvre will no longer be as necessary as heretofore, for it will be possible to play a ball down the side with very nearly the same force upon it as down the centre, and in that case it would be possible to shoot down a volleyer, however quick of foot, to get to it in time. This was very remarkably exemplified a few days ago at the Maida Vale lawn tennis court on the first occasion after the net had been lowered. Mr. W. Renshaw was there, and, playing against Mr. Jenkins—a very accomplished player—found it quite impossible to bring his fine volleyer into play except incidentally, although he is quicker in getting about the court than any player I know. So far, however, as he is concerned, the alteration I have described, will not shake his supremacy, for his play in the back-court is as much superior to that of other players as his volleying is superior to theirs. I think, under an apology for the particularity with which I have described this change in the rules of lawn tennis, for if Calcutta still in any way resembles the Calcutta which I knew three years ago, lawn tennis is as it ought to be, a serious and absorbing interest with all right-minded English men and women.

INSURANCES.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.
CAPITAL (FULLY SUBSCRIBED), \$1,000,000.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
LEUNG ON, Esq., President.
BAN HUP, Esq., Vice-President.
CHAN LI CHOT, Esq., J. H. CHUNG, Esq., and others.

The Company GRANTS POLICIES on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World, payable at any of the Agencies.
Contributory Dividends are payable to all Contributors of Business, whether they are Shareholders or not.

WOO LIN YUEN,
Secretary.
HEAD OFFICE:
No. 2, Queen's Road West,
Hongkong, 14th March, 1881. [511]

LONDON & STAFFORDSHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
HITHERTO CALLED THE STAFFORDSHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
CAPITAL..... TWO MILLIONS STERLING.
The Underinsured are prepared to ISSUE POLICIES covering FIRE RISKS at current rates.

ADAMSON, BELL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 27th August, 1880. [405]

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
The Underinsured, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE to the extent of \$60,000 on any one FIRST-CLASS RISK.
RATES ON FIRST-CLASS GODOWNS REDUCED TO 1/2 PER CENT. WEST FIRE ANNUUM FROM THIS DATE.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,
Agents.
Imperial Fire Insurance Company,
Hongkong, 5th May, 1881. [123]

YANGTZE RIVER ASSOCIATION.
CAPITAL (Fully Paid-up)..... Tls. 420,000.00
PERMANENT RESERVE..... Tls. 230,000.00
SPECIAL RESERVE..... Tls. 230,533.33
TOTAL CAPITAL AND RESERVE..... Tls. 880,533.33
Accumulations, 6th..... Tls. 940,533.33
April, 1882

H. DE G. FORBES, Esq., Chairman.
J. H. PROCTOR, Esq., W. W. MYRTLE, Esq., J. M. INVERARITY, G. H. WHELAN, Esq., and others.

HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.
Messrs. RUSSELL & Co., Secretaries.
LONDON BRANCH:
Messrs. BARRING, BROTHERS & Co., Bankers.

RICHARD BLACKWELL, Esq., Agent.
68 and 69, Cornhill, E.C.
POLICIES GRANTED ON MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World.
Subject to a charge of 12 1/2 per cent. for Interest on Shareholders' Capital, all the PROFITS are annually distributed among all Contributors of Business (whether Shareholders or not) in proportion to the premium paid by them.

RUSSELL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 8th May, 1882. [132]

THE CITY OF LONDON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
CAPITAL—£2,000,000.—PAID-UP £200,000.
PAID-UP RESERVE FUND—£50,000.
THE Underinsured having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE to the extent of \$40,000 on Buildings or Goods stored therein.
Discount 20 1/2.

VOGEL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 1st March, 1878. [1440]

BATAVIA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
The Underinsured having been appointed Agents for the above Company at this Port, are prepared to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE to the extent of \$40,000 on Buildings or Goods stored therein.
Discount 20 1/2.

MARINE RISKS.
Policies are granted on First-class Buildings to an extent of \$20,000 at Current Local Rates.

RUSSELL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 1st January, 1874. [1]

THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY (LIMITED).
CAPITAL—TAKES \$500,000; EQUAL TO \$833,333.33.
RESERVE FUND..... \$70,833.33.
DIRECTORS:
LEE YEE, of the Lai Hing Firm.
WONG YIP YUN, of the Chan Cheong Wing Firm.
WONG YIP YUN, of the Yee On Firm.
WONG YIP YUN, of the San Tin Yee Hong Firm.
WONG YIP YUN, of the Yee Cheong Hong Firm.
WONG YIP YUN, of the Yee Cheong Hong Firm.

MANAGER—HO ANH.
MARINE RISKS on Goods, &c., taken at CURRENT RATES to Australia, California, Manila, Singapore, Saigon, Penang, and to all the Trade Ports of China and Japan.
Head Office, 8 and 9, Praya West,
Hongkong, 14th October, 1878. [1441]

THE CHINA MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
TONG KING SING, Esq., Chairman.
CHU YU CHAT, Esq., Vice-President.
CHONG TO CHAT, Esq., YIP YU CHAT, Esq., and others.

HO SHEN CHEE, Esq., Secretary.
The Company GRANTS POLICIES on MARINE RISKS at Current Rates to all Contributors of Business, whether Shareholders or not.

HO SHEN CHEE,
Secretary.
Head Office, Hankow Road,
Shanghai, 1st June, 1882. [1092]

NOTICE.
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HO SHEN CHEE, Esq., Secretary.
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HO SHEN CHEE,
Secretary.
Head Office, Hankow Road,
Shanghai, 1st June, 1882. [1092]

NOTICE.
The Underinsured, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE to the extent of \$20,000 on any one FIRST-CLASS RISK.

HONGKONG MARKETS.

COTTON GOODS.
American Drill, 30 yds., per piece..... \$2.25 to 2.40
American Drill, 36 yds., per piece..... \$2.40 to 2.55
Oxford Yarn, No. 10 to 30, per 400 lbs..... \$3.00 to 3.10
Oxford Yarn, No. 30 to 40, per 400 lbs..... \$3.10 to 3.20
Oxford Yarn, No. 40 to 50, per 400 lbs..... \$3.20 to 3.30
Oxford Yarn, No. 50 to 60, per 400 lbs..... \$3.30 to 3.40
Oxford Yarn, No. 60 to 70, per 400 lbs..... \$3.40 to 3.50
Oxford Yarn, No. 70 to 80, per 400 lbs..... \$3.50 to 3.60
Oxford Yarn, No. 80 to 90, per 400 lbs..... \$3.60 to 3.70
Oxford Yarn, No. 90 to 100, per 400 lbs..... \$3.70 to 3.80
Oxford Yarn, No. 100 to 110, per 400 lbs..... \$3.80 to 3.90
Oxford Yarn, No. 110 to 120, per 400 lbs..... \$3.90 to 4.00
Oxford Yarn, No. 120 to 130, per 400 lbs..... \$4.00 to 4.10
Oxford Yarn, No. 130 to 140, per 400 lbs..... \$4.10 to 4.20
Oxford Yarn, No. 140 to 150, per 400 lbs..... \$4.20 to 4.30
Oxford Yarn, No. 150 to 160, per 400 lbs..... \$4.30 to 4.40
Oxford Yarn, No. 160 to 170, per 400 lbs..... \$4.40 to 4.50
Oxford Yarn, No. 170 to 180, per 400 lbs..... \$4.50 to 4.60
Oxford Yarn, No. 180 to 190, per 400 lbs..... \$4.60 to 4.70
Oxford Yarn, No. 190 to 200, per 400 lbs..... \$4.70 to 4.80
Oxford Yarn, No. 200 to 210, per 400 lbs..... \$4.80 to 4.90
Oxford Yarn, No. 210 to 220, per 400 lbs..... \$4.90 to 5.00
Oxford Yarn, No. 220 to 230, per 400 lbs..... \$5.00 to 5.10
Oxford Yarn, No. 230 to 240, per 400 lbs..... \$5.10 to 5.20
Oxford Yarn, No. 240 to 250, per 400 lbs..... \$5.20 to 5.30
Oxford Yarn, No. 250 to 260, per 400 lbs..... \$5.30 to 5.40
Oxford Yarn, No. 260 to 270, per 400 lbs..... \$5.40 to 5.50
Oxford Yarn, No. 270 to 280, per 400 lbs..... \$5.50 to 5.60
Oxford Yarn, No. 280 to 290, per 400 lbs..... \$5.60 to 5.70
Oxford Yarn, No. 290 to 300, per 400 lbs..... \$5.70 to 5.80
Oxford Yarn, No. 300 to 310, per 400 lbs..... \$5.80 to 5.90
Oxford Yarn, No. 310 to 320, per 400 lbs..... \$5.90 to 6.00
Oxford Yarn, No. 320 to 330, per 400 lbs..... \$6.00 to 6.10
Oxford Yarn, No. 330 to 340, per 400 lbs..... \$6.10 to 6.20
Oxford Yarn, No. 340 to 350, per 400 lbs..... \$6.20 to 6.30
Oxford Yarn, No. 350 to 360, per 400 lbs..... \$6.30 to 6.40
Oxford Yarn, No. 360 to 370, per 400 lbs..... \$6.40 to 6.50
Oxford Yarn, No. 370 to 380, per 400 lbs..... \$6.50 to 6.60
Oxford Yarn, No. 380 to 390, per 400 lbs..... \$6.60 to 6.70
Oxford Yarn, No. 390 to 400, per 400 lbs..... \$6.70 to 6.80
Oxford Yarn, No. 400 to 410, per 400 lbs..... \$6.80 to 6.90
Oxford Yarn, No. 410 to 420, per 400 lbs..... \$6.90 to 7.00
Oxford Yarn, No. 420 to 430, per 400 lbs..... \$7.00 to 7.10
Oxford Yarn, No. 430 to 440, per 400 lbs..... \$7.10 to 7.20
Oxford Yarn, No. 440 to 450, per 400 lbs..... \$7.20 to 7.30
Oxford Yarn, No. 450 to 460, per 400 lbs..... \$7.30 to 7.40
Oxford Yarn, No. 460 to 470, per 400 lbs..... \$7.40 to 7.50
Oxford Yarn, No. 470 to 480, per 400 lbs..... \$7.50 to 7.60
Oxford Yarn, No. 480 to 490, per 400 lbs..... \$7.60 to 7.70
Oxford Yarn, No. 490 to 500, per 400 lbs..... \$7.70 to 7.80
Oxford Yarn, No. 500 to 510, per 400 lbs..... \$7.80 to 7.90
Oxford Yarn, No. 510 to 520, per 400 lbs..... \$7.90 to 8.00
Oxford Yarn, No. 520 to 530, per 400 lbs..... \$8.00 to 8.10
Oxford Yarn, No. 530 to 540, per 400 lbs..... \$8.10 to 8.20
Oxford Yarn, No. 540 to 550, per 400 lbs..... \$8.20 to 8.30
Oxford Yarn, No. 550 to 560, per 400 lbs..... \$8.30 to 8.40
Oxford Yarn, No. 560 to 570, per 400 lbs..... \$8.40 to 8.50
Oxford Yarn, No. 570 to 580, per 400 lbs..... \$8.50 to 8.60
Oxford Yarn, No. 580 to 590, per 400 lbs..... \$8.60 to 8.70
Oxford Yarn, No. 590 to 600, per 400 lbs..... \$8.70 to 8.80
Oxford Yarn, No. 600 to 610, per 400 lbs..... \$8.80 to 8.90
Oxford Yarn, No. 610 to 620, per 400 lbs..... \$8.90 to 9.00
Oxford Yarn, No. 620 to 630, per 400 lbs..... \$9.00 to 9.10
Oxford Yarn, No. 630 to 640, per 400 lbs..... \$9.10 to 9.20
Oxford Yarn, No. 640 to 650, per 400 lbs..... \$9.20 to 9.30
Oxford Yarn, No. 650 to 660, per 400 lbs..... \$9.30 to 9.40
Oxford Yarn, No. 660 to 670, per 400 lbs..... \$9.40 to 9.50
Oxford Yarn, No. 670 to 680, per 400 lbs..... \$9.50 to 9.60
Oxford Yarn, No. 680 to 690, per 400 lbs..... \$9.60 to 9.70
Oxford Yarn, No. 690 to 700, per 400 lbs..... \$9.70 to 9.80
Oxford Yarn, No. 700 to 710, per 400 lbs..... \$9.80 to 9.90
Oxford Yarn, No. 710 to 720, per 400 lbs..... \$9.90 to 10.00
Oxford Yarn, No. 720 to 730, per 400 lbs..... \$10.00 to 10.10
Oxford Yarn, No. 730 to 740, per 400 lbs..... \$10.10 to 10.20
Oxford Yarn, No. 740 to 750, per 400 lbs..... \$10.20 to 10.30
Oxford Yarn, No. 750 to 760, per 400 lbs..... \$10.30 to 10.40
Oxford Yarn, No. 760 to 770, per 400 lbs..... \$10.40 to 10.50
Oxford Yarn, No. 770 to 780, per 400 lbs..... \$10.50 to 10.60
Oxford Yarn, No. 780 to 790, per 400 lbs..... \$10.60 to 10.70
Oxford Yarn, No. 790 to 800, per 400 lbs..... \$10.70 to 10.80
Oxford Yarn, No. 800 to 810, per 400 lbs..... \$10.80 to 10.90
Oxford Yarn, No. 810 to 820, per 400 lbs..... \$10.90 to 11.00
Oxford Yarn, No. 820 to 830, per 400 lbs..... \$11.00 to 11.10
Oxford Yarn, No. 830 to 840, per 400 lbs..... \$11.10 to 11.20
Oxford Yarn, No. 840 to 850, per 400 lbs..... \$11.20 to 11.30
Oxford Yarn, No. 850 to 860, per 400 lbs..... \$11.30 to 11.40
Oxford Yarn, No. 860 to 870, per 400 lbs..... \$11.40 to 11.50
Oxford Yarn, No. 870 to 880, per 400 lbs..... \$11.50 to 11.60
Oxford Yarn, No. 880 to 890, per 400 lbs..... \$11.60 to 11.70
Oxford Yarn, No. 890 to 900, per 400 lbs..... \$11.70 to 11.80
Oxford Yarn, No. 900 to 910, per 400 lbs..... \$11.80 to 11.90
Oxford Yarn, No. 910 to 920, per 400 lbs..... \$11.90 to 12.00
Oxford Yarn, No. 920 to 930, per 400 lbs..... \$12.00 to 12.10
Oxford Yarn, No. 930 to 940, per 400 lbs..... \$12.10 to 12.20
Oxford Yarn, No. 940 to 950, per 400 lbs..... \$12.20 to 12.30
Oxford Yarn, No. 950 to 960, per 400 lbs..... \$12.30 to 12.40
Oxford Yarn, No. 960 to 970, per 400 lbs..... \$12.40 to 12.50
Oxford Yarn, No. 970 to 980, per 400 lbs..... \$12.50 to 12.60
Oxford Yarn, No. 980 to 990, per 400 lbs..... \$12.60 to 12.70
Oxford Yarn, No. 990 to 1000, per 400 lbs..... \$12.70 to 12.80
Oxford Yarn, No. 1000 to 1010, per 400 lbs..... \$12.80 to 12.90
Oxford Yarn, No. 1010 to 1020, per 400 lbs..... \$12.90 to 13.00
Oxford Yarn, No. 1020 to 1030, per 400 lbs..... \$13.00 to 13.10
Oxford Yarn, No. 1030 to 1040, per 400 lbs..... \$13.10 to 13.20
Oxford Yarn, No. 1040 to 1050, per 400 lbs..... \$13.20 to 13.30
Oxford Yarn, No. 1050 to 1060, per 400 lbs..... \$13.30 to 13.40
Oxford Yarn, No. 1060 to 1070, per 400 lbs..... \$13.40 to 13.50
Oxford Yarn, No. 1070 to 1080, per 400 lbs..... \$13.50 to 13.60
Oxford Yarn, No. 1080 to 1090, per 400 lbs..... \$13.60 to 13.70
Oxford Yarn, No. 1090 to 1100, per 400 lbs..... \$13.70 to 13.80
Oxford Yarn, No. 1100 to 1110, per 400 lbs..... \$13.80 to 13.90
Oxford Yarn, No. 1110 to 1120, per 400 lbs..... \$13.90 to 14.00
Oxford Yarn, No. 1120 to 1130, per 400 lbs..... \$14.00 to 14.10
Oxford Yarn, No. 1130 to 1140, per 400 lbs..... \$14.10 to 14.20
Oxford Yarn, No. 1140 to 1150, per 400 lbs..... \$14.20 to 14.30
Oxford Yarn, No. 1150 to 1160, per 400 lbs..... \$14.30 to 14.40
Oxford Yarn, No. 1160 to 1170, per 400 lbs..... \$14.40 to 14.50
Oxford Yarn, No. 1170 to 1180, per 400 lbs..... \$14.50 to 14.60
Oxford Yarn, No. 1180 to 1190, per 400 lbs..... \$14.60 to 14.70
Oxford Yarn, No. 1190 to 1200, per 400 lbs..... \$14.70 to 14.80
Oxford Yarn, No. 1200 to 1210, per 400 lbs..... \$14.80 to 14.90
Oxford Yarn, No. 1210 to 1220, per 400 lbs..... \$14.90 to 15.00
Oxford Yarn, No. 1220 to 1230, per 400 lbs..... \$15.00 to 15.10
Oxford Yarn, No. 1230 to 1240, per 400 lbs..... \$15.10 to 15.20
Oxford Yarn, No. 1240 to 1250, per 400 lbs..... \$15.20 to 15.30
Oxford Yarn, No. 1250 to 1260, per 400 lbs..... \$15.30 to 15.40
Oxford Yarn, No. 1260 to 1270, per 400 lbs..... \$15.40 to 15.50
Oxford Yarn, No. 1270 to 1280, per 400 lbs..... \$15.50 to 15.60
Oxford Yarn, No. 1280 to 1290, per 400 lbs..... \$15.60 to 15.70
Oxford Yarn, No. 1290 to 1300, per 400 lbs..... \$15.70 to 15.80
Oxford Yarn, No. 1300 to 1310, per 400 lbs..... \$15.80 to 15.90
Oxford Yarn, No. 1310 to 1320, per 400 lbs..... \$15.90 to 16.00
Oxford Yarn, No. 1320 to 1330, per 400 lbs..... \$16.00 to 16.10
Oxford Yarn, No. 1330 to 1340, per 400 lbs..... \$16.10 to 16.20
Oxford Yarn, No. 1340 to 1350, per 400 lbs..... \$16.20 to 16.30
Oxford Yarn, No. 1350 to 1360, per 400 lbs..... \$16.30 to 16.40
Oxford Yarn, No. 1360 to 1370, per 400 lbs..... \$16.40 to 16.50
Oxford Yarn, No. 1370 to 1380, per 400 lbs..... \$16.50 to 16.60
Oxford Yarn, No. 1380 to 1390, per 400 lbs..... \$16.60 to 16.70
Oxford Yarn, No. 1390 to 1400, per 400 lbs..... \$16.70 to 16.80
Oxford Yarn, No. 1